



Enduring Activity: Updates in Pediatrics: Understanding and Managing Penile Anomalies

Target Audience

This activity is targeted towards pediatricians, IM/P, and family practitioners.

Statement of Need

Our learners need the knowledge and strategies to assist in recognizing, evaluating and treating common and not so common problems presenting in a primary care setting, including when it is appropriate to refer.

Objectives

At the conclusion of this offering, the participant will be able to:

- 1) Define common penile anomalies.
- 2) Describe ongoing medical management and surgical options of penile anomalies.

Faculty

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Faculty Disclosure

Faculty for this course has no potential or actual conflicts of interest to disclose.

Planner Disclosure

Planners for this course have no potential or actual conflicts of interest to disclose.

Commercial Support

This activity has not received commercial support.

Accreditation

Norton Healthcare is accredited by the Kentucky Medical Association to provide continuing medical education for physicians.

Designation

Norton Healthcare designates this enduring activity for a maximum of **1.0 AMA PRA Category 1 Credits™**. Physicians should claim only the credit commensurate with the extent of their participation in the activity.

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Course Termination Date | December 2021

Contact Information | Center for Continuing Medical Education; (502) 446-5955 or cme@nortonhealthcare.org

Resources

Concealed epispadias associated with a buried penis

<https://www.clinicalkey.com/#!/content/journal/1-s2.0-S1477513116302674>

Congenital absence of the penis (aphallia) A rare case report

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6485865/>

Megaprepuce: presentation of a modified surgical technique with excellent cosmetic and functional results

<https://www.clinicalkey.com/#!/content/journal/1-s2.0-S1477513118304303>

Penile Median Raphe Anomalies as an Indicator of Megameatus Intact Prepuce Anomaly in Children Undergoing Routine Circumcision

<https://www.clinicalkey.com/#!/content/journal/1-s2.0-S0090429518307994>

Persistent or recurrent ventral curvature after failed proximal hypospadias repair

<https://www.clinicalkey.com/#!/content/journal/1-s2.0-S1477513118305667>

Therapeutic effects of modified Devine surgery for concealed penis in children

<https://www.clinicalkey.com/#!/content/journal/1-s2.0-S1015958418301131>

Use of small intestinal submucosa for corporal body grafting in cases of epispadias and epispadias/exstrophy complex

<https://www.clinicalkey.com/#!/content/journal/1-s2.0-S1477513119301445>

Y-type urethral duplication with rectal implantation of the urethra: Which is the best approach?

<https://www.clinicalkey.com/#!/content/journal/1-s2.0-S1477513117304436>